#### **BRIGHT GREEN PMS 376C**

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **BRIGHT GREEN PMS 376C**

Section 1. Identification				
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	:	BRIGHT GREEN PMS 376C Mixture Mixture CC01053345 liquid		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against   Product use Industrial applications. Plastics.				
Supplier's details	:	AVIENT CORPORATION ColorMatrix Group Inc. 680 North Rocky River Drive, Berea, Ohio, 44017-1628, USA		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	+1 216 622 0100 CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).		

# Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

#### **GHS label elements**

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Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	Causes skin irritation.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention Response	:	Not applicable. Wear protective gloves. Wash thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known. Not available.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC01053345

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	>= 10 - <= 25	13463-67-7
Miscellaneous Compounds Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle	>= 10 - <= 25	Not available.
Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)	>= 3 - <= 5	8007-18-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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# Section 4. First aid measures

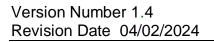
#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Causes skin irritation. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</b>		
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation

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	wate redr	ering				
Inhalation	: No s	pecific data.				
Skin contact		erse symptoms may include the following: ation				
Ingestion		specific data.				
Indication of immediate medical	Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary					
Notes to physician	may	ase of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under ical surveillance for 48 hours.				
Specific treatments	: No s	specific treatment.				
Protection of first-aiders	suita	action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without able training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.				

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO <sub>2</sub> . None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containme	nt a	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approve alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when	oved
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Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (2022-01-06) TWA 0.2 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, nanoscale particles TWA 2.5 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
Miscellaneous Compounds Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle	None.
Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 1 mg/m3 (as Ni) OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 1 mg/m3 (as Ni)

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of
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		environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

:

#### Appearance

Physical state

liquid [liquid]

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Color	:	GREEN
Odor	:	Faint odor.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not applicable.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
		Kinematic: Not available.
<u>Aerosol product</u>		
Heat of combustion	:	Not available.
Ignition distance	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition - Time	:	Not available.
equivalent		
Enclosed space ignition -	:	Not available.
Deflagration density		
Flame height	:	Not available.
Flame duration	:	Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will			
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		not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from strong acids.
		Oxidizer.
Hazardous decomposition	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition
products		products should not be produced.
-		

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure						
Titanium oxide (TiO2)										
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h						
	Dusts and mists									
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-						
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture	e.Not fully tested.								
Irritation/Corrosion										
Conclusion/Summary										
Skin										
Eyes		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Respiratory	: Mixture.Not fully tested.									
Sensitization										
Conclusion/Summary										
Skin	: Mixture.Not fully tested.									
Respiratory	: Mixtur	e.Not fully tested.								
<u>Mutagenicity</u>										
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixtur	e.Not fully tested.								
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>										
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixtur	e.Not fully tested.								
<b>Classification</b>										

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	-	2B	-
Nickel antimony titanium	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

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yellow rutile							
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>							
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>							
Conclusion/Summary	:	M	xture.Not f	fully tested.			
Torotogonicity							
<u>Teratogenicity</u>							
Conclusion/Summary	:	M	xture.Not f	ully tested.			
Specific target organ toxicity (s	single expo	osur	<u>e)</u>				
Not available.							
Specific target organ toxicity (r	repeated e	xno	sure)				
Not available.			<u>, (11 C)</u>				
Aspiration hazard							
Name				Result			
Miscellaneous Compounds Distil	llates netr	oleu	m	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			
hydrotreated middle	naces, peu	oicu	,	Abi Internot (Internet) Category I			
inguisticated initiale							
Information on the likely route	s of :	No	t available.				
exposure							
Potential acute health effects							
Eye contact	:	No	known sio	nificant effects or critical hazards.			
Inhalation				mificant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	:		uses skin ir				
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Symptoms related to the physic	cal, chemi	cal a	ind toxicol	ogical characteristics			
Eye contact	:	Ad	verse symm	otoms may include the following: pain or irritation,			
•			tering, redr				
Inhalation	:	No	specific da	ata.			
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness					
Ingestion	:	No	specific da	ata.			
Delayed and immediate effects	and also a	hro	nic effects	from short and long term exposure			
2 cm you and miniculate effects			ine enects	nom block und fong with exposule			
Short term exposure							
		<b>.</b> -					
Potential immediate effects	:		t available.				
Potential delayed effects	:	NO	ot available.				
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#### Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
<u>I otentiai cii one neatti enects</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
BRIGHT GREEN PMS 376C	N/A	N/A	N/A	106.2 Mg/l	N/A
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.82 Mg/l
Miscellaneous Compounds Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle	N/A	N/A	N/A	11 Mg/l	N/A

#### **Other information**

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

# Section 12. Ecological information

:

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium oxide (TiO2)			

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	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l Marine water		Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 h
		50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 h
	Acute LC water	50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 h
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.		
Persistence and degradability				
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.		
Bioaccumulative potential Not available.				
<u>Mobility in soil</u> Soil/water partition coefficien (KOC)	t:	Not available.		
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant	effects or critical hazards.	
Section 13. Disposa	l consi	derations		
Dianagal mathada			to should be avoided or minimize	. d

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever : possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

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United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

# Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	: Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	: Not classified as dangerous goods under transport regulations.
International Water IMO/IMDG	: Not classified as dangerous goods under transport regulations.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None
		of the components are listed.
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:
		Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Listed 1,1'-
		Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
		United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not
		determined
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report
		(PAIR): Not listed
		<b>United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):</b> Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not
		listed
		United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority
		pollutants: Listed Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment
		Yellow 53)
		Phthalocyanine green
		1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
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United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -Hazardous substances: Listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	:	Not listed
Substances DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor		Not listed
Chemicals)		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

:

not applicable

#### SARA 311/312

Classification

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	>= 10 - <= 25	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Miscellaneous Compounds Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle	>= 10 - <= 25	ACUTE TOXICITY - inhalation - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Nickel antimony titanium yellow rutile	>= 3 - <= 5	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

#### Form R - Reporting requirements

Product nameCAS number%

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Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)	8007-18-9	>= 1 - < 5
1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.	-	>= 0 - < 0.1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	: The following compon Titanium dioxide	ients are listed:
New York	: None of the componen	its are listed.
New Jersey	: The following compon Titanium dioxide Nickel antimony yello Phthalocyanine green	ow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)
Pennsylvania	: The following compon Titanium dioxide	ients are listed:
	Nickel antimony yelle	ow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)
	Phthalocyanine green	l

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Titanium dioxide	-	-
Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment	-	-
Yellow 53)		

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are active or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
International regulations Inventory list		
Australia	:	Not determined.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	Not determined.
<b>Eurasian Economic Union</b>	:	Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
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Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
		Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	:	Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.Not determined.
Thailand	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	:	Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

<u>1115tol y</u>		
Date of printing	:	04/04/2024
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	04/02/2024
Date of previous issue	:	03/01/2019
Version	:	1.4
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
References	:	UN = United Nations Not available.
Notice to reader		

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