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SAFETY DATA SHEET MD-34967 HOT PINK

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021 Page 1 of 18 Print Date 11/02/2021

SAFETY DATA SHEET

MD-34967 HOT PINK

Section 1. Identification	n	
GHS product identifier Chemical name	:	MD-34967 HOT PINK Mixture
CAS number	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC01066640
Product type	:	solid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the subs</u> Supplier's details	tance :	or mixture and uses advised against Avient Corporation 230 N 48th Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85043
		(602) 269-3199
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
		1/18

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021 Page 2 of 18

ÄVIENT"

Print Date 11/02/2021

Signal word Hazard statements	:	Warning Causes serious eye irritation.
		May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
Precautionary statements		
	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Wear eye or face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
		Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If
		eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	Keep container tightly closed.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.
		Not available.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC01066640

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	>= 10 - <= 25	13463-67-7
Silica, amorphous	>= 1 - <= 3	7631-86-9
3,6-Bis(ethylamino)-9-[2-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-2,7- dimethylxanthylium chloride	>= 1 - <= 2.9	3068-39-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures



Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021

Page 3 of 18 Print Date 11/02/2021

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation
	• // •



Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021 Page 4 of 18 Print Date 11/02/2021

Inhalation	:	watering redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing		
Skin contact	:	No specific data.		
Ingestion	:	No specific data.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary				
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical powder. Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire- exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-
		1/18



Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021

Page 5 of 18 Print Date 11/02/2021

fire-fighters

contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containment	nt aı	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

:

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do



Version Number 1.2	Page 6 of 18
Revision Date 11/01/2021	Print Date 11/02/2021

		not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TWA 10 mg/m3	



Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021

Page 7 of 18 Print Date 11/02/2021

3,6-Bis(ethylamino)-9-[2- (methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-2,7- dimethylxanthylium chloride	None.
Silica, amorphous	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 6 mg/m3

Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures Eye/face protection	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be
		7/18

ÄVIENT

SAFETY DATA SHEET MD-34967 HOT PINK

Version Number 1.2	Page 8 of 18
Revision Date 11/01/2021	Print Date 11/02/2021

	different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures,
	consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves
	cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based
	on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be
	approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures
-	should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks
	involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this
	product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that
	meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be
	used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper
	fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	solid [Powder.]
Color	:	RED
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
(flammable) limits Vapor pressure	:	Upper: Not available. Not available.
. ,	:	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density	::	Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density	:	Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature		Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature SADT	:	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.



Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021

Page 9 of 18 Print Date 11/02/2021

Aerosol product

Heat of combustion	:	Not available.
Ignition distance	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition - Time	:	Not available.
equivalent		
Enclosed space ignition -	:	Not available.
Deflagration density		
Flame height	:	Not available.
Flame duration	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Titanium oxide (TiO2)				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h
	Dusts and mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Mixture.Not fully tested.



Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021 Page 10 of 18 Print Date 11/02/2021

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	ore Exposure	Observation
Silica	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes Respiratory	: Mixture.N	lot fully tested. lot fully tested. lot fully tested.			
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory		lot fully tested. lot fully tested.			
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.N	lot fully tested			
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.N	lot fully tested			
Classification					

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	-	2B	-
Silica	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested. Teratogenicity : Mixture.Not fully tested. Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available. : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Not available.

Aspiration hazard



Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021

Page 11 of 18 Print Date 11/02/2021

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact Inhalation	:	Causes serious eye irritation. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical, ch	emio	cal and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effects and a	lso c	hronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	-	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	-	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	-	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021 Page 12 of 18 Print Date 11/02/2021

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
MD-34967 HOT PINK	34,775.5 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.82 Mg/l
Xanthylium, 3,6- bis(ethylamino)-9-[2- (methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]- 2,7-dimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	500 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Section 12. Ecological information

:

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium oxide (TiO2)			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 h
	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h
		dubia	
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 h
	water		

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12/18



Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021

Page 13 of 18 Print Date 11/02/2021

<u>Bioaccumulative potential</u> Not available.		
<u>Mobility in soil</u>		
Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)	:	Not available.
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

:

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

International Water IMO/IMDG	: Consult mode specific transport rules
International Air ICAO/IATA	: Consult mode specific transport rules
U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	: Not regulated for transportation.



Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021 Page 14 of 18 Print Date 11/02/2021

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed. United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Listed Mercury
		United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Listed Lead
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):
		Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Zinc sulfide (ZnS), copper chloride-doped Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds Zinc
		Xanthylium, 3,6-bis(diethylamino)-9-[2- (methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-, (T-4)-tetrachlorozincate(2-) (2:1)
		Antimony Arsenic
		Selenium
		Cadmium Chromium
		Copper
		Lead Mercury
		Nickel Silver
		511/01



Version Number 1.2	Page 15 of 18
Revision Date 11/01/2021	Print Date 11/02/2021

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -Hazardous substances: Listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	:	Not listed
Substances DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	•	Not listed
Chemicals)	•	The Histed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

:

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	>= 10 - <= 25	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds	>= 10 - <= 25	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
Xanthylium, 3,6- bis(ethylamino)-9-[2- (methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]- 2,7-dimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	>= 1 - <= 2.9	ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
Silica	>= 1 - <= 3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

Form R - Reporting requirements



Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021 Page 16 of 18 Print Date 11/02/2021

Product name	CAS number	%
Zinc sulfide (ZnS), copper chloride-doped	68611-70-1	>= 25 - <= 50
Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds	3-24-7	>= 10 - <= 25
Zinc	7440-66-6	>= 1 - <= 3
Lead	7439-92-1	> 0 - < 0.1
Mercury	7439-97-6	> 0 - <= 0.1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Not applicable.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	:	The following components are listed:
		Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds
New York	:	The following components are listed:
		Zinc
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed:
		Zinc sulfide (ZnS), copper chloride-doped
		Titanium dioxide
		Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds
		Zinc
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed:
		Zinc sulfide (ZnS), copper chloride-doped
		Titanium dioxide
		Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds
		Zinc
		Silica, amorphous
		Sinca, amorphous

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level



Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 11/01/2021

Page 17 of 18 Print Date 11/02/2021

Titanium dioxide			
Titanium dioxide		-	-
United States inventory (TSCA 8h)		All components are active or exempted	
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are active or exempted.	
Canada inventory	:	Not determined.	
•			
International regulations			
-			
Inventory list			
Australia	:	All components are listed or exempted.	
Canada	:	Not determined.	
China	:	All components are listed or exempted.	
Europe inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.	
Japan	:	Not determined.	
New Zealand	:	Not determined.	
Philippines	:	Not determined.	
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.	
Taiwan	:	Not determined.	
Turkey	:	Not determined.	
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.	

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	2
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

History		
Date of printing	:	11/02/2021
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	11/01/2021
Date of previous issue	:	01/04/2019
Version	:	1.2



Version Number 1.2Page 18 of 18Revision Date 11/01/2021Print Date 11/02/2021

Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
References	:	UN = United Nations Not available.

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