### **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019

Page 1 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Section 1. Identification	on	
GHS product identifier	:	MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS
Chemical name	:	Mixture
CAS number	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC01066662
Product type	:	solid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the subs</u> Supplier's details	tance :	e or mixture and uses advised against Mesa Industries 230 N 48th Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85043
		(602) 269-3199
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

## Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

#### **GHS label elements**

## **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019



Page 2 of 19

Print Date 01/08/2019

Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	May form combustible dust concentrations in air. May cause cancer.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Keep container tightly closed.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC01066662

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	10 - 25	13463-67-7
Antimony	1 - 3	7440-36-0
Quartz	0.3 - 1	14808-60-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

#### There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the

## **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019 Page 3 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
	3/19





## **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019

#### Page 4 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

Inhalation	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical atte	ntio	n and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## **Section 5. Firefighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical powder. Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide



## **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019

Page 5 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

	carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire- exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note
For emergency responders	:	of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containm	ent a	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container.
5/19		

## **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019

#### Page 6 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019



### Page 7 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Quartz	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)TWA 0.1 mg/m3 (Calculated as Quartz) Form: Respirable dustOSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03)TWA 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) Form: RespirableTWA 10 MG /M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: RespirableTWA 30 MG /M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: Total dustNIOSH REL (1994-06-01)TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dustACGIH TLV (2005-12-09)TWA 0.025 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fractionOSHA PEL (2016-06-23)TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust
Antimony	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 0.5 mg/m3 (as antimony) NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 0.5 mg/m3 (as antimony) OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 0.5 mg/m3 (as antimony) ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01) TWA 0.5 mg/m3 (as antimony)
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TWA 10 mg/m3
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be</li> </ul>
	checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, 7/19

## MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019



### Page 8 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

	filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

## **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019



Page 9 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

:	solid [Powder.]
:	YELLOW
:	Not available.
:	Lower: Not available.
	Upper: Not available.
:	Not available.
:	Not available.
:	Not available.
:	Not available.
:	Not available. Not available.
:	r (of a fanaoit)
:	Not available.
:	Not available.
:	Not available. Not available.
:	Not available. Not available. Not available.
	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

## **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019

#### Page 10 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

## Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

:

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Titanium dioxide					
Remarks - Oral:	No applicable toxi	city data			
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-	
Antimony					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-	
<b>Remarks - Inhalation:</b>	No applicable toxicity data				
<b>Remarks - Dermal:</b>	No applicable toxicity data				
Quartz					
Remarks - Oral:	No applicable toxicity data				
<b>Remarks - Inhalation:</b>	No applicable toxicity data				
<b>Remarks - Dermal:</b>	No applicable toxi	city data			
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.Not fully tested.				

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild	Human		72 hrs	-
	irritant				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>					
Skin	: M	lixture.Not full	ly tested.		
Eyes	: M	lixture.Not full	ly tested.		
Respiratory	: M	lixture.Not full	ly tested.		
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary					
Conclusion/Summary Skin		lixture.Not full lixture.Not full			

10/19





## **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019 Page 11 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fu	ly tested.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>				
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>	:	Mixture.Not fu	ly tested.	
Product/ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP	
name				
Titanium dioxide		2B		
Ouartz		1		

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Quartz	Category 1		

Aspiration hazard Not available.		
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics



## **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0	Page 12 of 19
Revision Date 01/04/2019	Print Date 01/08/2019

Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact Ingestion	:	No specific data. No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity Teratogenicity Developmental effects Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	5,384.7 mg/kg

## Section 12. Ecological information

## **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019 Page 13 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure		
Titanium dioxide					
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l Marine water	Fish - Fish	96 h		
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	Acute				
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h		
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Acute				
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h		
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Acute				
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic plants:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Chronic - Aquatic invertebrates.:	No applicable toxicity data				
Antimony					
	Acute LC50 22 Mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h		
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	Acute				
	Acute LC50 18 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h		
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Acute				
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic plants:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Chronic - Aquatic invertebrates.:	No applicable toxicity data				
Quartz					
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic plants:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Chronic - Aquatic invertebrates.:	No applicable toxicity data				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				

Persistence and degradability



### **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019



Page 14 of 19
Print Date 01/08/2019

Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b> Not available.		
<u>Mobility in soil</u>		
Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)	:	Not available.
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever **Disposal methods** : possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

## Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

## **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019

Page 15 of 19

Print Date 01/08/2019

: Consult mode specific transport rules

International Water IMO/IMDG

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	<ul> <li>United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed.</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed</li> </ul>
	United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Listed Lead
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Selenium Arsenic
	Cadmium Chromium Lead
	Antimony Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)
	United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Not listed
	United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

### **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019



Page 16 of 19

Print Date 01/08/2019

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	Listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II		Not listed
Substances	•	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Arsenic	> 0 - < 0.1	Fire hazard - Immediate (acute) health hazard - Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Quartz	>= 0.3 - < 1	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
Antimony	>= 1 - <= 3	Immediate (acute) health hazard
Titanium dioxide	>= 10 - <= 25	Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	Nickel antimony yellow	8007-18-9	10 - 25
requirements	rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow		
	53)		



Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019



Page 17 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

	Antimony	7440-36-0	1 - 3
	Lead	7439-92-1	0 - 0.1
Supplier notification	Lead	7439-92-1	0 - 0.1
	Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)	8007-18-9	10 - 25
	Antimony	7440-36-0	1 - 3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	:	None of the components are listed.
New York	:	The following components are listed: Antimony
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed: Calcium carbonate Titanium dioxide Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53) Antimony Quartz
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed: Quartz
		Antimony
		Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)
		Titanium dioxide
		Inorganic Pigment
		Calcium carbonate

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Quartz, Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53), Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable
	17/19	

### **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019

Page 18 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

		dosage level
Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment	No.	No.
Yellow 53)		
Quartz	No.	No.
Titanium dioxide	No.	No.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
International regulations		
Inventory list		
Australia Canada	:	Not determined. At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
China	:	Not determined.
Europe inventory	:	Not determined.
Japan	:	Not determined.
New Zealand	:	Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.





### **MD-42425 YELLOW UNITS**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 01/04/2019 Page 19 of 19 Print Date 01/08/2019

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

<b>History</b>		
Date of printing	:	01/08/2019
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	01/04/2019
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Version	:	1.0
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
•		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

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