

## **LU5 JEEP BROWN MC 8002**

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **LU5 JEEP BROWN MC 8002**

# **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS product identifier** : LU5 JEEP BROWN MC 8002

Chemical name: MixtureCAS number: MixtureOther means of identification: CC10159097

**Product type** : solid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications. Plastics.

Supplier's details : POLYONE CORPORATION

33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012

1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE

Emergency telephone number

(with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or

accident).

# Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information gritical to the cofe handling and proper use of the product

information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other

users of this product.

Classification of the substance or

mixture

Not classified.

### **GHS** label elements



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Signal word : CAUTION!No signal word.

**Hazard statements**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Precautionary statements**

General:Not applicable.Prevention:Not applicable.Response:Not applicable.Storage:Not applicable.Disposal:Not applicable.Supplemental label elements:None known.Hazards not otherwise classified:None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureChemical name: MixtureOther means of identification: CC10159097

### **CAS** number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with Ethenylbenzene	50 - 75	9003-54-7
2-(2-Hydroxy-5-tert-octylphenyl)benzotriazole	5 - 10	3147-75-9
Carbon black	1 - 3	1333-86-4
Titanium dioxide	0.3 - 1	13463-67-7
Styrene	0.1 - 0.3	100-42-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require



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reporting in this section.

Inhalation

Skin contact

**Ingestion** 

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with
		plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper
		and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately. Immediately
		flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and
		lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical
		attention if irritation occurs.

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical

surveillance for 48 hours.

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical

attention if symptoms occur.

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation** : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.



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Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. No known

significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion**: Harmful if swallowed. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48

hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. No action shall be taken involving

any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media**: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.In

case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known. None known.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

No specific fire or explosion hazard. No specific fire or explosion

hazard.

Hazardous thermal

decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides



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metal oxide/oxidesDecomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for firefighters Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See

any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See

also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways,

soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry

sweep. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste

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Large spill

disposal contractor. Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures Advice on general occupational hygiene Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection



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# **Control parameters**

# Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-(2-Hydroxy-5-tert-	
octylphenyl)benzotriazole	
2 D	
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with	
Ethenylbenzene	
Styrene	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
Styrene	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 215 mg/m3 50 ppm
	Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference
	period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m3. 425 mg/m3 100
	ppm
	OSHA PEL Z2 (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 100 ppm
	Ceiling, is a a limit indicating the maximum concentration of a
	chemical substances in the breathing zone that should not be
	exceeded. 200 ppm
	Acceptable Maximum Peak (AMP) 600 ppm
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 215 mg/m3 50 ppm
	Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference
	period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m3. 425 mg/m3 100
	ppm
	ACGIH TLV (1997-05-21)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 85 mg/m3 20 ppm
	TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level
	170 mg/m3 40 ppm
Carbon black	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 3.5 mg/m3
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 3.5 mg/m3
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 3.5 mg/m3
	Time Weighted Average (TWA)
	ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction
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**Eye/face protection** 

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Titanium dioxide		OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)  ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3
Appropriate engineering controls  Environmental exposure controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Emissions from
		ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
<u>Individual protection measures</u>		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

workstation location.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used



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when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties



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#### **Appearance**

**Physical state** solid [Pellets.] Color **BROWN** Odor Faint odor. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available. pН **Melting point** Not available. **Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not available. **Burning time** Not available. **Burning rate** Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.Relative density: Not available.Solubility: Not available.Solubility in water: insoluble in water.

**Partition coefficient: n-** Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.SADT: Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

**Kinematic:** Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7). Stable under recommended storage and handling

conditions (see Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents. Keep away from

extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from strong acids.

Oxidizer. Keep away from strong acids.



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Oxidizer.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

### <u>Information on toxicological effects</u>

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure		
Styrene						
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2,650 mg/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5,000 mg/kg	-		
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	2,770 ppm	4 h		
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	11.8 mg/l	4 h		
Titanium dioxide						
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-		
Carbon black						
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,400 mg/kg	-		
2-(2-Hydroxy-5-tert-octylpher	2-(2-Hydroxy-5-tert-octylphenyl)benzotriazole					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,000 mg/kg	-		
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with	n Ethenylbenzene		-			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,800 mg/kg	-		

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Styrene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human			-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit			-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit			-
	Eyes -	Rabbit		24 hrs	-

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	Moderate irritant			
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	72 hrs	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Eyes: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Sensitization** 

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Ciassification			
Product/ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP
name			
Styrene		2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
Titanium dioxide		2B	
Carbon black		2B	
2-Propenenitrile, polymer		3	
with Ethenylbenzene			

### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)** 

Not available.



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### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of** :

exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation** : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. No known

significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. No known significant effects or critical

hazards.

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture. Not fully tested.

General : Contains material that can cause target organ damage. No known

significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk

of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. No known

significant effects or critical hazards.



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Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Styrene			
	Acute LC50 9,900 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 9.1 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 4,020 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 4.7 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 4,080 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 23,000 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
	Acute EC50 4,700 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 59,000 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 52,000 µg/l Marine	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute EC50 33 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
	Acute EC50 720 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
	Acute EC50 1,400 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h
	Acute EC50 78,000 µg/l Marine	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
	water		
	Acute NOEC 63 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	4 d
Titanium dioxide			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000,000 μg/l	Fish - Fish	96 h



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	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
Carbon black			•
	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute LC50 61.547 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
LU5 JEEP BROWN MC 8002		•	•
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Chemicals are not readily available a	s they are bound within the	e polymer matrix.

Conclusion/Summary

Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.

### Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.

Conclusion/Summary

: Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
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Styrene	2.96	13.49	low
Titanium dioxide		352.00	low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Other adverse effects

Not available.

No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed



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# **Section 14. Transport information**

U.S. DOT Classification : Not regulated for transportation.

ICAO/IATA : Not classified as dangerous good under transport regulations.

IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Not classified as dangerous good under transport regulations.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

of the components are listed.

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not

listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:

Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report

(PAIR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):

Not listed

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies:} & \textbf{Not listed} \\ \textbf{United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority} \end{array}$ 

pollutants: Listed Acrylonitrile

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

**United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:** 

Not listed



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Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

**Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

Not listed

Not listed

**Substances** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

Not listed

**Substances** 

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor** 

Not listed

Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential** 

Not listed

Chemicals)

### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

### **SARA 311/312**

**Classification** : Not applicable.

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Styrene	0.1 - 0.3	F, AH, CH
Carbon black	1 - 3	СН
2-(2-Hydroxy-5-tert-	5 - 10	AH
octylphenyl)benzotriazole		
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with	50 - 75	AH
Ethenylbenzene		

### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	Styrene	100-42-5	0.1 - 0.3
requirements			
	Rutile, antimony chromium	68186-90-3	1 - 3
	buff		
Supplier notification	Styrene	100-42-5	0.1 - 0.3
	Rutile, antimony chromium buff	68186-90-3	1 - 3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.



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**State regulations** 

Massachusetts The following components are listed:

> Carbon black Iron oxide

The following components are listed: **New York** 

Styrene

**New Jersey** The following components are listed:

Styrene

Titanium dioxide Carbon black

2-Propenenitrile, polymer with Ethenylbenzene

Iron oxide

Pennsylvania The following components are listed:

Styrene

Titanium dioxide

Carbon black

Iron oxide

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** All components are listed or exempted.

All components are listed or exempted. **Canada inventory** 

**International regulations** 

Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. **International lists** 

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. **EINECS:** All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

**Korea inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons Convention** 

**List Schedule I Chemicals Chemical Weapons Convention** 

**List Schedule II Chemicals** 

Not listed

Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention** 

Not listed

**List Schedule III Chemicals** 



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# Section 16. Other information

**History** 

Date of printing: 11/08/2016Date of issue/Date of revision: 10/19/2016Date of previous issue: 11/19/2012

Version : 1.2

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

**References** : Not available.

#### Notice to reader

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