### **OCHRE TAN**

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **OCHRE TAN**

Section 1. Identification	n	
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	OCHRE TAN Mixture Mixture CC10296364 liquid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the subs</u> Product use	tance :	or mixture and uses advised against Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	Mesa Industries 230 N 48th Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85043
		(602) 269-3199
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

## Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. Some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B

#### **GHS label elements**

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Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.
		Not available.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC10296364

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	10 - 25	13463-67-7
Miscellaneous Compounds	3 - 5	4-90-0
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	1 - 3	872-50-4
Carbon black	0.3 - 1	1333-86-4

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Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **Section 4. First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed



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#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	: : :	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</b>		
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight
		increase in fetal deaths
		skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
		reduced fetal weight
		increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
		reduced fetal weight
		increase in fetal deaths
		skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate medical	attentio	n and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.

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Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is
For emergency responders	:	inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containm	ent a	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach
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release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

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#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TWA 10 mg/m3
Miscellaneous Compounds	None.
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	AIHA WEEL (1999-01-01) Absorbed through skin. TWA 10 ppm
Carbon black	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 0.1 mgPAH/m <sup>3</sup> ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06) TWA 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction

Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated
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Eye/face protection	:	clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	:	liquid [liquid]
Color	:	TAN
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.

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Flame height

Flame duration

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Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		<b>Upper:</b> Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not available.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
v		Kinematic: Not available.
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	:	Not available.
Ignition distance	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition -	:	Not available.
Deflagration density		
		Nat and lable

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from strong acids. Oxidizer.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Not available.

Not available.

:

:

## Section 11. Toxicological information

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This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Carbon black					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,400 mg/kg	-	
<b>Remarks - Inhalation:</b>	No applicable toxic	No applicable toxicity data			
<b>Remarks - Dermal:</b>	No applicable toxic	city data			
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3,914 mg/kg	-	
<b>Remarks - Inhalation:</b>	No applicable toxicity data				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8,000 mg/kg	-	
Miscellaneous Compounds					
Titanium dioxide					
Remarks - Oral:	No applicable toxicity data				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixtu	re.Not fully tested.			

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit			-
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human		72 hrs	-
Conclusion/Summary					

Skin	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Eyes	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Respiratory	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
<u>Sensitization</u>		
Conclusion/Summary		

## Skin:Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory:Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### **Mutagenicity**





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Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not fully t	ested	
Conclusion/Summary	• 141	ixture.ivot fully t		
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not fully t	ested.	
<b><u>Classification</u></b>				
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	
Carbon black	-	2B	-	
Titanium dioxide	-	2B	-	
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not fully t	ested.	
<b>Teratogenicity</b>				
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not fully t	ested.	
Specific target organ toxicity Not available.	single exposur	<u>e)</u>		
<u>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</u> Not available.				
Aspiration hazard Not available.				
Information on likely routes of : Not available. exposure				
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	: N	o known significa	ant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact			ant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: No	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Symptoms related to the phys	ical, chemical	and toxicologica	l characteristics	
Eye contact	: No specific data.			
Inhalation			may include the following: reduced fetal weight,	
			aths, skeletal malformations	

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Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effects as well a	as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects:Potential delayed effects:	Not available. Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects :	Not available.
Potential delayed effects :	Not available.
Potential chronic health effects	
Conclusion/Summary :	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity :	May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects : Fertility effects :	No known significant effects or critical hazards. May damage fertility.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	301,077.2 mg/kg

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Carbon black			



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Remarks - Acute - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data		
	Acute EC50 37.563 Mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
<b>Remarks - Acute - Aquatic</b>	Acute		
invertebrates.:			
<b>Remarks - Acute - Aquatic</b>	No applicable toxicity data		
plants:			
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data		
<b>Remarks - Chronic -</b>	No applicable toxicity data		
Aquatic invertebrates.:			
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	1	1	
	Acute LC50 832 Mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
<b>Remarks - Acute - Fish:</b>	Acute	•	
	Acute LC50 1.23 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute		
invertebrates.:			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data		
plants:			
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data		
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data		
Aquatic invertebrates.:			
Titanium dioxide		D' 1 D' 1	0.61
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l Marine	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	Acute		40.1
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
Dama andra Arrada Arrada	A suctor	Crustaceans	
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Acute		
mver teorates.	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	Acute LC50 0.5 Mg/111esh water	Daphnia	40 11
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute	Dapinna	
invertebrates.:	Teute		
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data		
plants:			
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data		
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data		
Aquatic invertebrates.:			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
·			
Parsistance and degradability	¥7		

Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** 

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#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	-0.46	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)	:	Not available.
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever : possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

## **Section 14. Transport information**

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

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International Water IMO/IMDG

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: Consult mode specific transport rules

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None
8	of the components are listed.
	United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not
	listed
	United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:
	Not listed
	United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not
	determined
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report
	(PAIR): Listed Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha(4-
	nonylphenyl)omegahydroxy-,branched
	<b>United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):</b> Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed
	United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority
	pollutants: Listed Zinc oxide
	United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -
	Hazardous substances: Listed
	United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental
	release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed
	United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental
	release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed
	United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:
	Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Listed

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Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	:	Not listed
Substances		
<b>DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor</b>	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

:

not applicable

#### SARA 311/312

Classification

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Fertility - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Unborn child - Category 1B

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Miscellaneous Compounds	>= 3 - <= 5	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	>= 1 - <= 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Carbon black	>= 0.3 - <= 1	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Titanium dioxide	>= 10 - <= 25	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

#### Form R - Reporting requirements

Product name	CAS number	%
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	>= 1 - <= 3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

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State regulations		
Massachusetts	:	None of the components are listed.
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed:
		Titanium dioxide
		Iron oxide
		1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone
		Carbon black
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed:
-		Carbon black
		1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone
		The second de
		Iron oxide

Titanium dioxide

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, Carbon black, Oil mist, mineral, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Titanium dioxide	-	-
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	-	Yes.
Carbon black	-	-
Oil mist, mineral	-	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are active or exempted.
Canada inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.	
International regulations		
<u>Inventory list</u>		
Australia	:	Not determined.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	Not determined.
Europe inventory	:	Not determined.
Japan	:	Not determined.
New Zealand	:	Not determined.

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Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	0
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0
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Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

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Date of printing	:	08/31/2020
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	08/04/2020
Date of previous issue	:	07/21/2020
Version	:	1.3
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
•		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-

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## **OCHRE TAN**

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named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.