## 9496 SELF-ADHERING PLASTISOL

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 9496 SELF-ADHERING PLASTISOL

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier	:	9496 SELF-ADHERING PLASTISOL
Chemical name	:	Mixture
CAS number	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO00008320
Product type	:	liquid
••		•
Relevant identified uses of the subs	tance	or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	:	Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	AVIENT CORPORATION
		33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012
		1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (844) 4AVIENT
Emergency telephone number	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or
(with hours of operation)		accident).

# Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

#### **GHS label elements**

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Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word Hazard statements	:	Danger Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause cancer.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Not applicable. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known. Not available.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO00008320

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Calcium oxide	>= 10 - < 20	1305-78-8
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy	>= 1 - <= 3	64742-48-9
Quartz	>= 0.3 - < 1	14808-60-7

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Carbon black	> 0 - <= 0.3	1333-86-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

**Description of necessary first aid measures** 

Eye contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an

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open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation
	redness
Ingestion	<ul><li>blistering may occur</li><li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains</li></ul>
Indication of immediate medica	al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or  $CO_2$ .

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Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl). Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containm	ent a	nd cleaning up
Small spill Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water- insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses,
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basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# **Section 7. Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

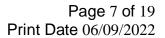
# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

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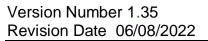


Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Calcium oxide	ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01) TWA 2 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 2 mg/m3 OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 5 mg/m3 OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 5 mg/m3
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy	None.
Quartz	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 0.1 mg/m3 (Calculated as Quartz) Form: Respirable dust OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03) TWA 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) Form: Respirable TWA 10 MG /M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: Respirable OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03) TWA 30 MG /M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (2005-12-09) TWA 0.025 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction OSHA PEL (2016-06-23) TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust
Carbon black	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 0.1 mgPAH/m <sup>3</sup> ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06) TWA 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction

Appropriate engineering controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers,
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		filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

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Physical state	:	liquid [liquid]
Color	:	BROWN
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not available.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
		Kinematic: Not available.
<u>Aerosol product</u>		
Heat of combustion	:	Not available.
Ignition distance	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition - Time	-	Not available.
equivalent	-	
Enclosed space ignition -	:	Not available.
Deflagration density	-	
Flame height	:	Not available.
Flame duration	-	Not available.
	-	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will	
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		not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers during processing.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotro	eated heavy A comple	x combination of hy	drocarbons obtained	by treating a petroleum
fraction with hydrogen in the	presence of a catalyst.	It consists of hydro	ocarbons having carb	on numbers
predominantly in the range of	C6 through C13 and	boiling in the range	of approximately 65.	degree.C to
230.degree.C (149.degree.F to	446.degree.F).			-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6,000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	8.5 Mg/l	4 h
	Vapor			
Carbon black				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,400 mg/kg	-
				I
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Mixture	e.Not fully tested.		
<b>J</b>		2		
Irritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: Mixtur	e.Not fully tested.		
Eyes	: Mixtur	e.Not fully tested.		
Respiratory	: Mixtur	e.Not fully tested.		
<u>Sensitization</u>				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>				
Skin		e.Not fully tested.		
Respiratory	: Mixtur	e.Not fully tested.		
<b>Mutagenicity</b>				
~	<b>-</b>			
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixtur	e.Not fully tested.		
a				
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>				
	3.5			
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixtur	e.Not fully tested.		

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#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Quartz	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
Carbon black	-	2B	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

:

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Calcium oxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Quartz	Category 1	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

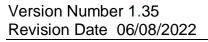
Name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy A complex	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a	
petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a	
catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon	
numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13	
and boiling in the range of approximately 65.degree.C to	
230.degree.C (149.degree.F to 446.degree.F).	

**Information on the likely routes of** : Not available. **exposure** 

#### **Potential acute health effects**

Inhalation	:	Causes serious eye damage. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Symptoms related to the physical,	chemi	cal and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness
Inhalation		No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effects and	l also	chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
9496 SELF-ADHERING PLASTISOL	133,300.3 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	834 Mg/l	N/A
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with	6,000 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	8.5 Mg/l	N/A

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hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 and boiling in the range of approximately 65.degree.C to 230.degree.C (149.degree.F to 446.degree.F).					
Carbon black	15,400 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

**Other information** 

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

# Section 12. Ecological information

:

**Toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Calcium oxide			
	Chronic NOEC 100 Mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis niloticus	46 d
Carbon black			
	Acute EC50 37.563 Mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

:

:

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Calcium oxide	-	2.34	low
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	-	10.00 - 2,500.00	high
heavy A complex combination of			

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hydrocarbons obtained by treating a		
petroleum fraction with hydrogen in		
the presence of a catalyst. It consists		
of hydrocarbons having carbon		
numbers predominantly in the range		
of C6 through C13 and boiling in the		
range of approximately 65.degree.C to		
230.degree.C (149.degree.F to		
446.degree.F).		

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)	:	Not available.
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever : possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

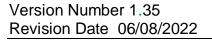
United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

# **Section 14. Transport information**

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	: Not classified as dangerous for transport purposes.
International Air	: Not classified as dangerous for transport purposes.
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#### ICAO/IATA

International Water : Not classified as dangerous for transport purposes. IMO/IMDG

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	<ul> <li>United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed.</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Listed Diisononyl phthalate         <ol> <li>1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich</li> <li>1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, heptyl nonyl ester, branched and linear</li> <li>1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dinonyl ester, branched and linear</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Phthalic acid, dialkyl(C7) ester</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined</li> <li>United States - TSCA 8(a) - Divining precession of the proposed</li> </ul>
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Listed Acetaldehyde United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds Diisooctyl phthalate Phenol Vinyl chloride monomer Phthalocyanine Blue

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Rutile, antimony chromium buff
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,2-diisodecyl ester
Methane, chloroUnited States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 Hazardous substances: Listed
United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental
release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed
United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental
release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed
United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:
Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	Listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:	Not listed
Chemicals) DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:	Not listed
Chemicals)	•	

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

:

not applicable

#### SARA 311/312

Classification

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Calcium oxide	>= 10 - < 20	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Respiratory tract irritation - Category 3
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction	>= 1 - <= 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - inhalation - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 and boiling in the range of approximately 65.degree.C to 230.degree.C (149.degree.F to 446.degree.F).		
Quartz	>= 0.3 - < 1	CARCINOGENICITY - inhalation - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
Carbon black	> 0 - <= 0.3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Not applicable.

<u>State regulations</u> Massachusetts New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	::	None of the components are listed. None of the components are listed. The following components are listed: Calcium carbonate Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer Calcium oxide Quartz Carbon black The following components are listed: Calcium carbonate
		Calcium oxide Quartz
		Carbon black

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Quartz, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level





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Quartz	-	-
Carbon black	-	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	Not determined.
Canada inventory	:	Not determined.
International regulations		
<u>Inventory list</u>		
Australia	:	Not determined.
Canada	:	Not determined.
China	:	Not determined.
Europe inventory	:	Not determined.
Japan	:	Not determined.
New Zealand	:	Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	Not determined.

# **Section 16. Other information**

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	3
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

<u>Instory</u>		0 4 10 0 10 0 0 0
Date of printing	:	06/09/2022
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	06/08/2022
Date of previous issue	:	08/03/2020
Version	:	1.35

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Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

Notice to reader

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