

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZERVersion Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016Page 1 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER
Chemical name : Mixture
CAS number : Mixture
Other means of identification : FO20033017
Product type : liquid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications. Plastics.

Supplier's details : **POLYONE CORPORATION**
33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012

1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

GHS label elements

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 2 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

Hazard pictograms

:


Signal word

:

Warning

Hazard statements

:

Causes eye irritation.
Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary statements
General

:

Not applicable.

Prevention

:

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

:

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage

:

Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal

:

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

:

None known.

Hazards not otherwise classified

:

None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients
Substance/mixture

:

Mixture

Chemical name

:

Mixture

Other means of identification

:

FO20033017

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	30 - 60	117-81-7
Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds	10 - 30	Not available.
1,2,3-Propanetriol	1 - 5	56-81-5

SAFETY DATA SHEET


STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 3 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

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Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Eye contact | : | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
| Inhalation | : | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : | Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : | Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 4 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

- Eye contact** : Causes eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : May be irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures
Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-

STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 5 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

fire-fighters contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

SAFETY DATA SHEET


STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 6 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

- Protective measures** :
- Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** :
- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** :
- Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 5 mg/m ³ Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m³. 10 mg/m³ OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 5 mg/m ³ NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 5 mg/m ³ Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m³. 10 mg/m³ ACGIH TLV (1999-03-01) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:

SAFETY DATA SHEET


STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 7 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

	Permissible Exposure Level 5 mg/m ³
Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds	<p>OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 5 mg/m³ Form: Fume Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m³. 10 mg/m³ Form: Fume PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m³ Form: Total dust PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 5 mg/m³ Form: Respirable fraction</p> <p>OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 5 mg/m³ Form: Fume PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 15 mg/m³ Form: Total dust PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 5 mg/m³ Form: Respirable fraction</p> <p>NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 5 mg/m³ Form: Dust and fumes Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m³. 10 mg/m³ Form: Fume Ceiling, is a limit indicating the maximum concentration of a chemical substances in the breathing zone that should not be exceeded. 15 mg/m³ Form: Dust</p> <p>ACGIH TLV (2003-01-01) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 2 mg/m³ Form: Respirable fraction TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level 10 mg/m³ Form: Respirable fraction</p>
1,2,3-Propanetriol	<p>OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m³ Form: Total dust PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 5 mg/m³ Form: Respirable fraction</p> <p>OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 15 mg/m³ Form: Total dust PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 5 mg/m³ Form: Respirable fraction</p> <p>NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Form: Mist</p>

Appropriate engineering controls : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any

SAFETY DATA SHEET

**STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER**

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 8 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

Environmental exposure controls : recommended or statutory limits.
: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

SAFETY DATA SHEET


STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 9 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties
Appearance

Physical state	: liquid [Paste.]
Color	: WHITE
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
pH	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.
Burning time	: Not available.
Burning rate	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: Not available. Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
SADT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic: Not available. Kinematic: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from strong acids. Oxidizer.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 10 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	30,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	25,000 mg/kg	-
Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds				
1,2,3-Propanetriol				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12,600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12,600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
1,2,3-Propanetriol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Mixture.Not fully tested.
Eyes : Mixture.Not fully tested.
Respiratory : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Sensitization

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 11 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Mixture.Not fully tested.
Respiratory : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate		2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion : May be irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 12 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

- Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture. Not fully tested.
- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity
Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information
Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
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SAFETY DATA SHEET


STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

 Version Number 1.1
 Revision Date 02/09/2016

 Page 13 of 18
 Print Date 02/10/2016

Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate			
	Acute LC50 690 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 32,900 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 139,500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 42,100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 6,180 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 11,000 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute EC50 133 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute EC50 2 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute EC50 31,000,000 µg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
	Chronic NOEC 502 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	49 d
	Chronic NOEC 502 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	90 d
	Chronic NOEC 12 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	28 d
	Chronic NOEC 12 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	28 d
	Chronic NOEC 12 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	28 d
	Chronic NOEC 77 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	21 d
	Chronic NOEC 0.64 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	21 d
	Chronic NOEC 0.64 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	21 d
	Chronic NOEC 109 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	21 d
Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds			
	Acute LC50 2,246 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	Acute LC50 320 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill	96 h
	Acute LC50 1.1 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout	96 h
	Acute LC50 24.600 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Acute LC50 0.098 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic plants - Green	72 h

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 14 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

	water	algae	
	Acute IC50 0.044 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Green algae	72 h
	Acute IC50 0.046 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Green algae	72 h
	Acute IC50 0.049 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Green algae	72 h
	Acute IC50 0.063 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Green algae	72 h

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	7.6	1,380.00	high
Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds		60,960.00	high
1,2,3-Propanetriol	-1.76	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 15 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Listed

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	Listed	

Section 14. Transport information

U.S. DOT Classification : Not regulated for transportation.
ICAO/IATA : Consult mode specific transport rules
IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification:** None of the components are listed.
United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed
United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed
United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed
United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precursor: Not listed
United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined
United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed
United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed
United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed
United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed **Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate**

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 16 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	RQ for component
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	100 lb(s) 45.4 kg

SARA 311/312

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	30 - 60	AH, CH
Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds	10 - 30	F, AH
1,2,3-Propanetriol	1 - 5	AH

SARA 313

SAFETY DATA SHEET


STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 17 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	30 - 60
	Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds		10 - 30
Supplier notification	Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	30 - 60
	Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds		10 - 30

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations
Massachusetts

- : The following components are listed:
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate
Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds
1,2,3-Propanetriol

New York

- : The following components are listed:
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate

New Jersey

- : The following components are listed:
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate
Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds
1,2,3-Propanetriol

Pennsylvania

- : The following components are listed:
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate

Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds

1,2,3-Propanetriol

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations
International lists

- : **Australia inventory (AICS):** Not determined.
Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.
Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.
EINECS: All components are listed or exempted.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-34767 STABILIZER

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 02/09/2016

Page 18 of 18
Print Date 02/10/2016

Japan inventory: Not determined.
China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
Korea inventory: Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons Convention
List Schedule I Chemicals** : Not listed
**Chemical Weapons Convention
List Schedule II Chemicals** : Not listed
**Chemical Weapons Convention
List Schedule III Chemicals** : Not listed

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing : 02/10/2016
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Version : 1.1

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
: BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
: GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
: IATA = International Air Transport Association
: IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
: IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
: LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
: MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
: UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Notice to reader

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