

# STAN-TONE HCC-34953 SAPPHIRE 425

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 08/24/2016

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### STAN-TONE HCC-34953 SAPPHIRE 425

# **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier STAN-TONE HCC-34953 SAPPHIRE 425

**Chemical name** Mixture **CAS** number Mixture Other means of identification FO20033797 **Product type** liquid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Industrial applications. Plastics.

POLYONE CORPORATION Supplier's details

1675 Navarre Road SW, Massillon,

Ohio USA 44646

1 330 837 8679

**Emergency telephone number** 

(with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or

accident).

# Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. Some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

**OSHA/HCS** status While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product. This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

Not classified.

### **GHS** label elements



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**Signal word** : No signal word.

**Hazard statements**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Precautionary statements**

General : Not applicable.
Prevention : Not applicable.
Response : Not applicable.
Storage : Not applicable.
Disposal : Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements : None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureChemical name: MixtureOther means of identification: FO20033797

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name  | <b>%</b> | CAS number |
|------------------|----------|------------|
| Titanium dioxide | 5 - 10   | 13463-67-7 |
|                  |          |            |
|                  |          |            |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Check for and remove any



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contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical

attention immediately.

**Skin contact**: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated

clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get

medical attention immediately.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at

rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so

by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Slightly irritating to

the eyes.

**Inhalation** : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects

may be delayed following exposure.

**Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Slightly irritating to

the skin.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : No specific data.



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Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48

hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.In

case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known. None known.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the

container may burst.

**Hazardous thermal** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

metal oxide/oxidesDecomposition products may include the following

materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-**: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity



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fighters

of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of

any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See

also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways,

soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with

water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste

disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent

entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash

spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows.



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Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures Advice on general occupational hygiene

- Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection



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#### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name  | Exposure limits   |
|------------------|---|
| Titanium dioxide | OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) |
|                  | ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3  |

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

# Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the



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Eye/face protection

workstation location.

safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.



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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : liquid [Paste.]

Color : BLUE

Odor Not available. Not available. **Odor threshold** pН Not available. **Melting point** Not available. **Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not available. **Burning time** Not available. **Burning rate** Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Not available. Flammability (solid, gas)

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.
Relative density : Not available.
Solubility : Not available.
Solubility in water : Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

SADT : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.
Kinematic: Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7). Stable under recommended storage and handling

conditions (see Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents. Keep away from

extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

**Incompatible materials** : Keep away from strong acids.



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Oxidizer.Keep away from strong acids.

Oxidizer.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

#### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result          | Species    | Dose          | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|----------|
| Titanium dioxide        |                 |            |               |          |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation | Rat - Male | 6.82 Mg/l     | 4 h      |
|                         | LD50 Dermal     | Rabbit     | > 5,000 mg/kg | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result      | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|-------------|---------|-------|----------|-------------|
| Titanium dioxide        | Skin - Mild | Human   |       | 72 hrs   | -           |
|                         | irritant    |         |       |          |             |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin Mixture.Not fully tested. Mixture.Not fully tested. **Eves** Mixture.Not fully tested. Respiratory

#### **Sensitization**

Conclusion/Summary

Mixture.Not fully tested. Skin Mixture.Not fully tested. Respiratory

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** Mixture. Not fully tested.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** Mixture.Not fully tested.



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Classification

| Ī | Product/ingredient | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|---|--------------------|------|------|-----|
|   | name               |      |      |     |
| Ī | Titanium dioxide   |      | 2B   |     |

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture. Not fully tested.

#### **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of

exposure

Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Slightly irritating to

the eyes.

**Inhalation** : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects

may be delayed following exposure.

**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Slightly irritating to

the skin.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.



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### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Contains material that

can cause target organ damage.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Contains material

which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer

depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

# **Acute toxicity estimates**

Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                      | Species     | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|----------|
| Titanium dioxide        |                             |             |          |
|                         | Acute LC50 > 1,000,000 μg/l | Fish - Fish | 96 h     |



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| Marine water                        |                                    |      |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------|
| Acute LC50 > 1,000 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Fish                        | 96 h |
| Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water      | Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia     | 48 h |
| Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water     | Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia     | 48 h |
| Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water       | Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans | 48 h |
| Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water    | Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans | 48 h |
| Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water     | Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans | 48 h |
| Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water      | Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans | 48 h |
| Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water    | Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans | 48 h |
| Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water    | Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia     | 48 h |
| Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water    | Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia     | 48 h |
| Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water  | Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia     | 48 h |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF    | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|-----------|
| Titanium dioxide        |        | 352.00 | low       |

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations



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**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

# **Section 14. Transport information**

U.S. DOT Classification : Not regulated for transportation.

ICAO/IATA : Consult mode specific transport rules

IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Consult mode specific transport rules

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

of the components are listed.



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United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Phthalocyanine Blue

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

**United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:** 

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

(HAPs) : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I** 

Not listed

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

Not listed

Substances

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor**: Not listed

Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential** : Not listed

Chemicals)

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable



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#### SARA 311/312

Not applicable. Classification

#### Composition/information on ingredients

| Name   | %  | Classification |
|--------|----|----------------|
| Tallic | 70 | Classification |

#### **SARA 313**

Not applicable.

**State regulations** 

Massachusetts The following components are listed:

Titanium dioxide

New York None of the components are listed. **New Jersey** 

The following components are listed:

Titanium dioxide Phthalocyanine Blue

The following components are listed: Pennsylvania

Titanium dioxide

Phthalocyanine Blue

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

All components are listed or exempted. **United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**:

**Canada inventory** All components are listed or exempted.

**International regulations** 

**International lists Australia inventory (AICS):** All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): All components are listed or exempted.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. **EINECS:** All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.

**China inventory (IECSC):** All components are listed or exempted.

**Korea inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components

are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or

exempted.

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals** 

Not listed

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**Chemical Weapons Convention** 

**List Schedule II Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons Convention** 

**List Schedule III Chemicals** 

Not listed

Not listed

# Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing 08/26/2016 Date of issue/Date of revision 08/24/2016 Date of previous issue 11/19/2015

Version 1.2

Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

References Not available.

#### Notice to reader

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