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SAFETY DATA SHEET

DNU V2014 NEUTRAL SELF BOND

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier	:	DNU V2014 NEUTRAL SELF BOND
Chemical name	:	Mixture
CAS number	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20035441
Product type	:	liquid
		•
Relevant identified uses of the subst	ance	or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	:	Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	POLYONE CORPORATION
		33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012
		1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident). CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1

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GHS label elements

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Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word Hazard statements	:	Danger Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20035441

CAS number/other identifiers

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Ingredient name	%	CAS number
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	30 - 60	68515-48-0
Resorcinol	1 - 5	108-46-3
Magnesium aluminium silicate	1 - 5	12174-11-7
Quartz	0.1 - 1	14808-60-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim
to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If
material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious,
give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person
feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting
unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the
head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get
medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If
unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention
immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as
a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	 Causes serious eye irritation. No known significant effects or critical hazards. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing
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thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or $\rm CO_2$. None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl). Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive processors mode
		in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See
Environmental precautions	:	also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and

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drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Resorcinol	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 45 mg/m3 10 ppm
	Pollutant concentration that should not be exceeded during
	working hours and which workers are believed to be exposed
	during a period of 15 minutes maximum, without experiencing: a)
	irritation. b) chronic or irreversible tissue damage. c) dependent
	toxic effects of exposure rate. d) Narcosis of sufficient magnitude
	to increase susceptibility to accidents. e) The reduction of ability to
	get to safety by their own means. 90 mg/m3 20 ppm
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 45 mg/m3 10 ppm
	Pollutant concentration that should not be exceeded during
	working hours and which workers are believed to be exposed
	during a period of 15 minutes maximum, without experiencing: a)
	irritation. b) chronic or irreversible tissue damage. c) dependent
	toxic effects of exposure rate. d) Narcosis of sufficient magnitude
	to increase susceptibility to accidents. e) The reduction of ability to
	get to safety by their own means. 90 mg/m3 20 ppm
	ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 45 mg/m3 10 ppm
	TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level
	90 mg/m3 20 ppm
Quartz	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) Calculated as Quartz
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 0.1 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust
	OSHA - PEL Z3 (1997-09-03)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) Form: Respirable
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 10 mg/m3 Form: Respirable
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 30 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
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Appropriate engineering controls:If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.Environmental exposure controls:Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.Individual protection measures:Hygiene measures:Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing period and products in sits, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.Skin protection:Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the ine to breakthrough for any glove material may be different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures,<			Time Weighted Average (TWA) 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (2005-12-09) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 0.025 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction
Environmental exposure controls:Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.Individual protection measures:Hygiene measures:Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations 	Appropriate engineering controls	:	enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any
Hygiene measures:Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work 	Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be
Products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.Bight protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved 	Individual protection measures		
 Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be 			products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a
 standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be 	Skin protection		
Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be	Hand protection	:	standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves
	Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

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Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	liquid [liquid]
Color	:	BLACK
Odor	1	Not available.
0.000	•	
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
pH	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
Lower and apper emprositie	•	
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
	:	Upper: Not available. Not available.
(flammable) limits	:	
(flammable) limits Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
(flammable) limits Vapor pressure Vapor density	:	Not available. Not available.
(flammable) limits Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density		Not available. Not available. Not available.
(flammable) limits Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility		Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
(flammable) limits Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
(flammable) limits Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-		Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
(flammable) limits Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water		Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
(flammable) limits Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature		Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
(flammable) limits Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature		Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or



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		its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers during processing.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid,	di-C8-10-branched	l alkyl esters, C9-r	rich	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10,000 mg/kg	-
Resorcinol				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	202 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3,360 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3,360 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3,360 mg/kg	-
Magnesium aluminium silicate	2		· · · · ·	-
Ouartz				

Conclusion/Summary

Mixture.Not fully tested.

:

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	Irriani				
Resorcinol	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit			-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit			-
Conclusion/Summary Skin	: M	ixture.Not full	v tested.		

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Eyes Respiratory	:	Mixture.Not fully tested. Mixture.Not fully tested.
Sensitization		
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u>	:	Mixture.Not fully tested. Mixture.Not fully tested.

:

Conclusion/Summary

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fu	lly tested.	
<u>Classification</u>				
Product/ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP	
name				
Resorcinol		3		
Magnesium aluminium		2B		
silicate				
Quartz		1		

Mixture.Not fully tested.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
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Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Resorcinol	Category 2 Category 1		respiratory tract mucous membranes central nervous system (CNS) blood system
			blood system

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

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Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	::	Causes serious eye irritation. No known significant effects or critical hazards. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Symptoms related to the physical, cl	hemi	cal and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation Skin contact	:	No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effects and a	also c	chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General Carcinogenicity	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of
Mutagenicity Teratogenicity	:	exposure. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	22,583.6 mg/kg
Route	ATE value
Dermal	151,761.5 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Resorcinol			
	Acute LC50 56,500 µg/l Fresh	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 40 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	Acute LC50 53,400 µg/l Fresh	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 49,500 µg/l Fresh	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 60 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	Acute LC50 > 100,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Water flea	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	·	

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

:

Bioaccumulative potential

LogPow	BCF	Potential
8.8	3.00	low
0.8	3.16	low
	8.8	8.8 3.00

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Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient:Not available.(KOC):No known significant effects or critical hazards.

:

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Listed

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Resorcinol	108-46-3	Listed	

Section 14. Transport information

U.S. DOT Classification: Not regulated for transportation.ICAO/IATA: Consult mode specific transport rules

:

IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

- **U.S. Federal regulations**
- United States TSCA 12(b) Chemical export notification: None

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of the components are listed. United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Listed 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -Hazardous substances: Listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:
Substances Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	
Substances	•
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	•
Chemicals)	•
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:
Chemicals)	

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

)<u>ne</u>

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US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

:

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-	30 - 60	AH
C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-		
rich		
Resorcinol	1 - 5	AH
Magnesium aluminium silicate	1 - 5	СН
Quartz	0.1 - 1	СН

SARA 313

Not applicable.

<u>State regulations</u> Massachusetts	:	The following components are listed: Calcium oxide Calcium carbonate Resorcinol
New York	:	The following components are listed: Resorcinol
New Jersey Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed: Calcium oxide Calcium carbonate Resorcinol Quartz The following components are listed: Calcium oxide
		Calcium carbonate Resorcinol
		Quartz

<u>PolyOne</u>

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<u>California Prop. 65</u> WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
International regulations		
International lists	:	 Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. EINECS: Not determined. Japan inventory: Not determined. China inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	:	Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals	:	Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	:	Not listed

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	:	10/29/2015
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	05/28/2015
Date of previous issue	:	00/00/0000
Version	:	1.0
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL $73/78$ = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution
		From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.
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