

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015

Page 1 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE DB-35691 LT PINK 16-1905

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier	:	STAN-TONE DB-35691 LT PINK 16-1905
Chemical name	:	Mixture
CAS number	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20036156
Product type	:	solid
••		
Relevant identified uses of the subs	tance	or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	:	Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	POLYONE CORPORATION
		33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012
		1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident). CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

GHS label elements



Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015 Page 2 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word Hazard statements	:	Danger May form combustible dust concentrations in air. May cause cancer <state conclusively="" exposure="" if="" is="" it="" of="" proven<br="" route="">that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.</state>
Precautionary statements		
General Prevention	:	Not applicable. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Keep container tightly closed.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20036156

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	60 - 100	13463-67-7
Quartz	0.1 - 1	14808-60-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the

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Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015 Page 3 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommende exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.	d
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommende exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.	×d
	3/17	



Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015 Page 4 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
:	No specific data.
:	No specific data.
	:

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Specific treatments	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical powder. Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity



Version Number 1.1	Page 5 of 17
Revision Date 08/24/2015	Print Date 11/22/2015

fighters		of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containment	nt aı	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.



Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015

Page 6 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits



Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide		OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
		PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
		OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
		PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
		ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18)
		TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
		Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3
Quartz		OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) Calculated as Quartz
		PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 0.1 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust
		OSHA - PEL Z3 (1997-09-03)
		Time Weighted Average (TWA) Form: Respirable
		Time Weighted Average (TWA) 10 mg/m3 Form: Respirable
		Time Weighted Average (TWA) 30 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
		NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
		Time Weighted Average (TWA) 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust
		ACGIH TLV (2005-12-09)
		TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
		Permissible Exposure Level 0.025 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust,
		fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust
		ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to
		airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust
		concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof
Environmental experime controls		ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be
Environmental exposure controls	:	checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of
		environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers,
		filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be
		necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
		Wash hands, forgomes and face there will after her dire at a side
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end
		of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to
		remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated
		clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used



Version Number 1.1	Page 8 of 17
Revision Date 08/24/2015	Print Date 11/22/2015

		when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	solid []	Powder.]
Color	: PINK	
Odor	: Not ava	ilable.
Odor threshold	: Not ava	ilable.
рН	: Not ava	ilable.
Melting point	: Not ava	ilable.
Boiling point	: Not ava	ilable.
Flash point	: Not ava	ilable.
Burning time	: Not ava	ilable.
Burning rate	: Not ava	ilable.



Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015

Page 9 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not available.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
-		Kinematic: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity



Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015 Page 10 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Titanium dioxide				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 m	g/kg -
Quartz				
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixt	ure.Not fully	ested.	
Irritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: Mixt	ure.Not fully	ested.	
Eyes		ure.Not fully		
Respiratory		ure.Not fully		
Sensitization				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: Mixt	ure.Not fully	ested	
Respiratory		ure.Not fully		
Mutagenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixt	ure.Not fully	ested.	
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary Classification	: Mixt	ure.Not fully	ested.	
Product/ingredient name	OSHA I	ARC	NTP	
Titanium dioxide	2	В		
Quartz	1			
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixt	ure.Not fully	ested.	
Teratogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixt	ure.Not fully	ested.	
Specific target organ toxici Not available.	ty (single exposure)			

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Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015

Page 11 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

<u>Specific target organ toxicity (repea</u> Not available.	ted	<u>exposure)</u>
Aspiration hazard Not available.		
Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical, ch	nemi	cal and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation
Inhalation	:	redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation
Skin contact	:	coughing No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effects and a	lso	chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.



Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015

Page 12 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

General	: Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.	
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer <state conclusively="" exposure="" if="" is="" it="" of="" pro<br="" route="">that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.</state>	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium dioxide			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000,000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Mummichog	96 h
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.



Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015 Page 13 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Titanium dioxide		352.00	low
	•	•	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient	:	Not available.
(KOC) Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains
		and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S. DOT Classification	:	Not regulated for transportation.
ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
IMO/IMDG (maritime)	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

:

- **U.S. Federal regulations**
- United States TSCA 12(b) Chemical export notification: None

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015 Page 14 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

of the components are listed. United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -Hazardous substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II		Not listed
Substances		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)



:

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015

Page 15 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

Fire hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Titanium dioxide	60 - 100	СН
Quartz	0.1 - 1	СН

SARA 313 Not applicable.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	:	The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide Calcium carbonate
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed:
·		Titanium dioxide
		Calcium carbonate
		Quartz
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed:
		Titanium dioxide
		Calcium carbonate
		Aluminum hydroxide
		Quartz
<u>California Prop. 65</u>		
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.		
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.

:

International regulations

International lists

Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.



Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015 Page 16 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

		 Taiwan inventory (CSNN): All components are listed or exempted. EINECS: All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory: Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	:	Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention	:	Not listed
List Schedule II Chemicals		
Chemical Weapons Convention	:	Not listed

Section 16. Other information

List Schedule III Chemicals

History		
Date of printing	:	11/22/2015
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	08/24/2015
Date of previous issue	:	08/21/2015
Version	:	1.1
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL $73/78$ = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution
		From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that



Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/24/2015 Page 17 of 17 Print Date 11/22/2015

exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.