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SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE EPX- PASTEL GREEN

Section 1. Identification	on	
GHS product identifier	:	STAN-TONE EPX- PASTEL GREEN
Chemical name	:	Mixture
CAS number	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20036556
Product type	:	liquid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the subs</u> Product use	stance :	e or mixture and uses advised against Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	POLYONE CORPORATION
		33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012
		1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

GHS label elements



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Hazard pictograms	:	\land
Signal word Hazard statements	:	Warning Causes skin and eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,
		regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements Hazards not otherwise classified	1	None known. None known.
Hazai us not other wise classifieu	•	INDIE NIOWII.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20036556

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Bisphenol A - Epichlorohydrin polymer	30 - 60	25068-38-6
Titanium dioxide	30 - 60	13463-67-7
Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or i	s due to batch variat	ion

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Inhalation	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects



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Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	:	Causes serious eye irritation. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical atter	ntior	n and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or $\rm CO_2$. None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

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Special protective actions for fire-	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity
fighters		of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any
		personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for	•	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containment	nt aı	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3



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Appropriate engineering controls		lation should be sufficient to control worker
Environmental exposure controls	checked to ensure t environmental prot filters or engineerin	ntilation or work process equipment should be hey comply with the requirements of ection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, ag modifications to the process equipment will be e emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	products, before ea of the working peri remove potentially clothing should not	ms and face thoroughly after handling chemical ting, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end od. Appropriate techniques should be used to contaminated clothing. Contaminated work be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations
Eye/face protection	and safety showers Safety eyewear corr when a risk assess liquid splashes, mis following protectio	are close to the workstation location. nplying with an approved standard should be used nent indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to sts, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the n should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a otection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	standard should be if a risk assessment parameters specifie the gloves are still noted that the time different for differe	impervious gloves complying with an approved worn at all times when handling chemical products indicates this is necessary. Considering the d by the glove manufacturer, check during use that retaining their protective properties. It should be to breakthrough for any glove material may be nt glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, al substances, the protection time of the gloves v estimated
Body protection	Personal protective on the task being p	equipment for the body should be selected based erformed and the risks involved and should be ialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwe should be selected	based on the task being performed and the risks d be approved by a specialist before handling this
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitte with an approved sinecessary. Respirat	d, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying tandard if a risk assessment indicates this is or selection must be based on known or anticipated e hazards of the product and the safe working limits
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of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	liquid [Paste.]
Color	:	GREEN
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
(flammable) limits Vapor pressure	:	Upper: Not available. Not available.
	:	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density	::	Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density	:	Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility	:	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water	: : : : :	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature	:	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature SADT		Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from strong acids. Oxidizer.

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Hazardous decomposition Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition : products should not be produced. products Prolonged heating may result in product degradation. As a general rule of thumb, degradation begins to occur after one hour at 177 °C (350 °F), after 10 minutes at 204 °C (400 °F), and within 5 minutes at 232 °C (450 °F). Do not use this pigment in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F). Decomposition of diarylide pigments in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F) may produce trace amounts of monoazo dyes, which in turn can decompose to produce aromatic amines. The amount and type of degradation products formed depend on the dwell time, formulation and processing conditions as well as temperature. As conditions become more severe, as when temperatures move into the 240-300°C (464-572°F) range, trace quantities of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine can be generated. 3,3'dichlorobenzidine is classified as a suspect carcinogen by NTP and IARC, is classified as Acute Toxicity category 4 and Carcinogen Category 1B according to 1272/2008EC (CLP), and is regulated by OSHA as a suspect carcinogen. In order to avoid the generation of and exposure to 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, do not use diarylide pigments in polymers when temperatures exceed 200°C (392°F). Handle with care. Organic dusts have the potential to be explosive with static spark or flame initiation.

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Bisphenol A - Epichlorohydr	in polymer			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13,600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	30,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	30,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	30,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	30,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13,600 mg/kg	-
Titanium dioxide		•	· · · · · ·	•
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h



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	LD50 Dermal			> 5,000 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not ful	lly tested.		
Irritation/Corrosion					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Bisphenol A - Epichlorohydrin polymer	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human		72 hrs	-
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin		ixture.Not ful			
Eyes		ixture.Not ful			
Respiratory	: M	ixture.Not ful	lly tested.		
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin		ixture.Not ful			
Respiratory	: M	ixture.Not ful	lly tested.		
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not ful	lly tested.		
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>	: M	ixture.Not ful	lly tested.		
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP		
Titanium dioxide		2B			
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not ful	lly tested.		

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<u>Teratogenicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Specific target organ toxicity (single Not available.	exp	<u>osure)</u>
Specific target organ toxicity (repea Not available.	ted o	exposure)
Aspiration hazard Not available.		
Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	:	Causes serious eye irritation. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Symptoms related to the physical, ch	emi	cal and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering
Inhalation	:	redness No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation
Ingestion	:	redness No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effects and a	lso c	chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
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Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	76,801.4 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium dioxide			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000,000 μg/l	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h



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	Crustaceans	
Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	Crustaceans	
Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	Daphnia	
Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	Daphnia	
Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
water	Daphnia	

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

•

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Bisphenol A -	2.64 - 3.78	31.00	low
Epichlorohydrin polymer			
Titanium dioxide		352.00	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient	:	Not available.
(KOC)		
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

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and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S. DOT Classification	:	Not regulated for transportation.
ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
IMO/IMDG (maritime)	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	 United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed. United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not
	determined
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Titanium dioxide Phthalocyanine Blue
	United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Not listed

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United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	Not listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I		Not listed
Substances	•	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:	Not listed
Chemicals) DEA List II Chemicals (Essential		Not listed
Chemicals)	•	i tot libted

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

:

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Bisphenol A - Epichlorohydrin polymer	30 - 60	АН
Titanium dioxide	30 - 60	F

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	30 - 60
requirements			
Supplier notification	Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	30 - 60

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations



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Massachusetts	: The following components are listed:
	Titanium dioxide
	Silica, amorphous
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide
	Silica, amorphous

Aluminum hydroxide

<u>California Prop. 65</u> WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
International regulations		
International lists	:	 Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted. EINECS: All components are listed or exempted.
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	:	Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals	:	Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	:	Not listed

Section 16. Other information

History

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:



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Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

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