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SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC- WHITE

Section 1. Identification	on	
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	:	STAN-TONE HCC- WHITE Mixture Mixture FO20039438 liquid
Relevant identified uses of the sub-	stance	e or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	:	Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	POLYONE CORPORATION 1675 Navarre Road SW, Massillon, Ohio USA 44646
		1 330 837 8679
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. Some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 5 %

GHS label elements

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Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	Harmful if swallowed.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,
Supplemental label elements Hazards not otherwise classified	:	regional, national and international regulations. None known. None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20039438

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	50 - 75	13463-67-7
Polypropylene glycol	25 - 50	25322-69-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



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Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
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No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

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:	No specific data.
:	No specific data.
:	No specific data.
cal attentio	on and special treatment needed, if necessary
:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
:	No specific treatment.

:

Protection of first-aiders

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or $\rm CO_2$. None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through



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For emergency responders	 spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containme	ent and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	 Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.



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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

:

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
Polypropylene glycol		AIHA WEEL (1999-01-01)
		Time Weighted Average (TWA) 10 mg/m3 Form: Aerosol
Titanium dioxide		OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
		PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
		OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
		PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
		ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18)
		TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
		Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker
		exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be
		checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of
		environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers,
		filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to
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Eye/face protection	 remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	 Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: liquid [Paste.]
Color	: WHITE
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.

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Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not available.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
•		Kinematic: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from strong acids. Oxidizer.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Titanium dioxide				



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	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-
Polypropylene glycol				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3,750 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	9,760 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10,334 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7,250 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2,150 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4,190 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5,840 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2,410 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5,840 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14,800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	30,000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human		72 hrs	-
Polypropylene glycol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild	Rabbit			-



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	irritant					
Conclusion/Summary	1	1 1			1	
Skin						
Eyes		ixture.Not fully				
Respiratory	: M	ixture.Not fully	tested.			
Sensitization						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin		ixture.Not fully				
Respiratory	: M	ixture.Not fully	tested.			
Mutagenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not fully	tested.			
Carcinogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not fully	tested.			
Classification Product/ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
name	USHA	IAKC	NIF			
Titanium dioxide		2B				
Reproductive toxicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not fully	tested.			
Teratogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not fully	tested.			
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available.						
<u>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</u> Not available.						
Aspiration hazard Not available.						
Information on the likely routes of : Not available. exposure						
Potential acute health effects						
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Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the physical, c	hemi	cal and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effects and	also (chronic effects from short and long term exposure
	1200	
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
		NT-('1-1-1-
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxicity		

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	1,352.6 mg/kg



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Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result		Species	Exposure
Titanium dioxide			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000,000 μg/l	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
Polypropylene glycol			
	Acute LC50 1,700,000 µg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 650,000 µg/l Marine	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

:

Bioaccumulative potential



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Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Titanium dioxide		352.00	low
Polypropylene glycol	-0.68 - 0.01	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient	:	Not available.
(KOC) Other adverse effects		Na huanna sianifi sout effects on aritical horseds
Other auverse effects	•	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever : possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S. DOT Classification	:	Not regulated for transportation.
ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
IMO/IMDG (maritime)	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

:

Section 15. Regulatory information

- **U.S. Federal regulations**
- **United States TSCA 12(b) Chemical export notification:** None of the components are listed.

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United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Listed Acetaldehyde United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Listed Acetaldehyde United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -Hazardous substances: Listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:
Substances	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	:
Substances	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:
Chemicals)	
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:
Chemicals)	

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed



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US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

:

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Polypropylene glycol	25 - 50	АН

SARA 313 Not applicable.

<u>State regulations</u> Massachusetts	:	The following components are listed: Silica, amorphous	
New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	::	Titanium dioxide None of the components are listed. The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide The following components are listed: Aluminum hydroxide	
		Silica, amorphous	
		Titanium dioxide	
California Prop. 65 WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.			
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are listed or exempted.	
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.	
International regulations			
International lists	:	 Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. EINECS: All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory: Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. 	
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		New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.
Chemical Weapons Convention	:	Not listed
List Schedule I Chemicals		
Chemical Weapons Convention	:	Not listed
List Schedule II Chemicals		
Chemical Weapons Convention	:	Not listed
List Schedule III Chemicals		

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	:	09/14/2016
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	09/13/2016
Date of previous issue	:	00/00/0000
Version	:	1.0
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.