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SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC- BLUE

Section 1. Identification		
		STAN TONE LICE DI LIE
GHS product identifier	:	STAN-TONE HCC- BLUE
Chemical name	:	Mixture
CAS number	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20042939
Product type	:	liquid
Relevant identified uses of the subs	tance	e or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	:	Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	POLYONE CORPORATION
		1675 Navarre Road SW, Massillon,
		Ohio USA 44646
		1 330 837 8679
Emergency telephone number	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or
(with hours of operation)		accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. Some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

GHS label elements



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Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
-		Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20042939

CAS number/other identifiers

%	CAS number
25 - 50	13463-67-7
25 - 50	143-29-3
1 - 3	112-34-5
	25 - 50 25 - 50

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation	Causes serious eye irritation.No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.



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Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
indication of miniculate incult		on and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO_2 . None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters Special protective equipment for	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-

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fire-fighters

contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containm	ent a	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling



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Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid
Advice on general occupational hygiene	 breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	 also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	ACGIH TLV (2012-03-05)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 10 ppmForm: Inhalable fraction and
	vapor
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3



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Bis(2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy)methane	
Environmental exposure controls : exposure to airbot Emissions from v checked to ensure environmental pr filters or engineer	atilation should be sufficient to control worker rne contaminants. rentilation or work process equipment should be they comply with the requirements of otection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, ring modifications to the process equipment will be ce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
products, before of of the working per remove potential clothing before re showers are close	arms and face thoroughly after handling chemical eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end eriod. Appropriate techniques should be used to y contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety to the workstation location.
when a risk asses liquid splashes, n following protect	omplying with an approved standard should be used sment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to hists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the ion should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
standard should b if a risk assessme parameters specif the gloves are sti noted that the tim different for diffe	nt, impervious gloves complying with an approved worn at all times when handling chemical products nt indicates this is necessary. Considering the fied by the glove manufacturer, check during use that l retaining their protective properties. It should be to breakthrough for any glove material may be rent glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, eral substances, the protection time of the gloves ely estimated.
Body protection : Personal protection	ve equipment for the body should be selected based
approved by a sp	performed and the risks involved and should be ecialist before handling this product.
should be selecte	wear and any additional skin protection measures d based on the task being performed and the risks uld be approved by a specialist before handling this
	ard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that

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meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: liquid [Paste.]
Color	BLUE
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Boiling point	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Burning time	: Not available.
Burning rate	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	: Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits	Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	: Not available.
octanol/water	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
SADT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic: Not available.
	Kinematic: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.



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Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from strong acids. Oxidizer.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure		
Titanium dioxide						
Remarks - Oral:	No applicable toxi	No applicable toxicity data				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-		
Bis(2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy)methane					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,746 mg/kg	-		
Remarks - Inhalation:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Dermal:	No applicable toxicity data					
Diethylene glycol monobutyl e	ther					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4,500 mg/kg	-		
Remarks - Inhalation:	No applicable toxicity data					
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2,700 mg/kg	-		
Conclusion/Summarv	: Mixtu	re.Not fully tested.				

Conclusion/Summary

Mixture.not fully tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild	Human		72 hrs	-
	irritant				
Bis(2-(2-	Eyes - Mild	Rabbit			-
butoxyethoxy)ethoxy)metha	irritant				
ne					
Diethylene glycol	Eyes -	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
monobutyl ether	Moderate				
	irritant				
	Eyes - Severe	Rabbit			-
	irritant				
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: M	ixture.Not full	y tested.		

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Eyes Respiratory	Mixture.Not fully tested.Mixture.Not fully tested.
Sensitization	
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory	Mixture.Not fully tested.Mixture.Not fully tested.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.Not fully tested.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary Classification	: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Product/in name	ngredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium d	lioxide		2B	

<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Teratogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Specific target organ toxicity (singl Not available.	e exp	<u>oosure)</u>
Specific target organ toxicity (repeation of the second se	ated	exposure)
Aspiration hazard Not available.		
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical, o	chemio	cal and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effects as w	vell as	chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxicity		

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	3,607.9 mg/kg
Route	ATE value
Dermal	129,224.8 mg/kg



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Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure					
Titanium dioxide		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_					
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l Marine	Fish - Fish	96 h					
	water							
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	Acute							
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h					
		Crustaceans						
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute							
invertebrates.:		T	1					
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h					
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute							
invertebrates.:								
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data							
plants:								
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:		No applicable toxicity data						
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data							
Aquatic invertebrates.:								
Bis(2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy)								
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data							
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data							
invertebrates.:								
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data	No applicable toxicity data						
plants:								
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data							
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data							
Aquatic invertebrates.:	-							
Diethylene glycol monobutyl e								
	Acute LC50 1,300 Mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h					
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	Acute							
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data							
invertebrates.:								
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data							
plants:								
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data							
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data							
Aquatic invertebrates.:	-							

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Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-	1	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient	:	Not available.
(KOC)		
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever : possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

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U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	of the components are listed.
	United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not
	determined
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report
	(PAIR): Listed Quinacridone (C.I. Pigment Violet 19)
	United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed
	United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority
	pollutants: Listed Copper phthalocyanine monochloride
	United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -
	Hazardous substances: Listed
	United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental
	release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed
	United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed
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United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II		Not listed
Substances	•	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Titanium dioxide	25 - 50	СН
Bis(2-(2-	25 - 50	AH
butoxyethoxy)ethoxy)methane		
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	1 - 3	F, AH

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	Diethylene glycol	112-34-5	1 - 3
requirements	monobutyl ether		
Supplier notification	Diethylene glycol	112-34-5	1 - 3
	monobutyl ether		

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	: None	e of the components are listed.
New York	: None	e of the components are listed.

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New Jersey Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed: Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether Copper phthalocyanine monochloride Titanium dioxide The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide Aluminum hydroxide Silica, amorphous Copper phthalocyanine monochloride
<u>California Prop. 65</u> WARNING: This product contains a c	hemi	cal known to the State of California to cause cancer.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
International regulations		
<u>Inventory list</u>		
Australia	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Europe inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	:	Not determined.
New Zealand	:	All components are listed or exempted. Not determined.
Philippines Republic of Korea	•	All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	:	All components are listed or exempted.
United States	:	All components are listed or exempted.
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Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



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Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

History		
Date of printing	:	04/29/2018
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	04/16/2018
Date of previous issue	:	00/00/0000
Version	:	1.0
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
•		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.